Eprizero (eprinomectin)

POUR-ON for Beef and Dairy Cattle

Eprizero® Pour-On for treatment and control of 39 species and stages of parasites against the major species and stages of parasites

ZERO days meat withdrawal SAME
active ingredient
and dosing
regimen as
Eprinex®
(eprinomectin)

STOPS PARASITES AT THEIR SOURCE

FOR LONGER CONTROL AND SAFETY

Provides excellent
broad-spectrum treatment
and control against internal
and external parasites,
and return on investment,
in a convenient pour-on
formulation.

Research shows that the active ingredient in Eprizero® Pour-On outperformed Cydectin® (moxidectin), Ivomec® (ivermectin) and Dectomax® (doramectin) in head-to-head university studies.¹

Parasites adversely affect beef production and especially profitability by impacting weaning weights, weaned calf crop and feed efficiency. Treating for parasites with a broad-spectrum product like Eprizero*, has shown an economic return of \$201/head.2

RAIN IS NOT AN ISSUE

Where rain is an issue after treatment, the active ingredient in Eprizero° Pour-On was 99% effective against adults and immature larvae (L4) of the most economically significant internal parasites (worms) and nematodes found in cattle.³





Norbrook offers Eprizero® Pour-On in convenient 1 Liter, 2.5 Liter, 5 Liter and 20 Liter sizes for economical per-dose application.



pproved by FDA under ANADA # 200-563

eprinomectin.

Pour-On for Beef and Dairy Cattle

Parasiticide

Contains 5 mg eprinomectin/mL

Not for use in calves to be processed for veal

control in one application. Eprizero Pour-On contains eprinomectin, a unique avermectin. Its broad-spectrum efficacy in a weatherproof formulation, margin of Safety, zero slaughter withdrawal and zero milk discard, make it a convenient product for parasite control in beef and dairy cattle, including lactating dairy cattle. Pour-On delivers effective internal and external parasite

MODE OF ACTION

Eprinomectin is a member of the macrocyclic lactone class of endectocides which have a unique mode of action. Compounds of the class bind selectively and with high affinity to glutamete spate chloride ion channels which occur in invertebrate nerve and muscle cells. This leads to an increase in the permeability of the cell membrane to chloride ions with hyperpolarization of the nerve or muscle cell, resulting in paralysis and death of the parasite. Compounds of this class may also interact with other ligand-gated chloride channels, such as those gated by the neurotransmitter gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA). The margin of safety for compounds of this class is attributable to the fact that mammals on not have glutamate-gated chloride channels, the macrocyclic lactiones have a low affinity for other mammalan ligand-gated chloride channels and they do not readily cross the

INDICATIONS

osteragy), lungworms, grubs, sucking and biting lice, chorioptic and sarcoptic mange mites, and horn files in beef and dairy cattle of all ages, including lactating dairy cattle. Applied at the recommended dose volume of 1 mL/10 kg (22 lb) body weight, to achieve a dose level of 500 mcg eprinomectin/kg body weight, Eprizero Pour-On is indicated for the effective treatment and control of (eprinomectin) Pour-On is indicated for the treatment and of gastrointestinal roundworms (including inhibited *Ostertagia*

control of the following parasites.

Gastrointestinal Roundworms Haemonchus placei

Trichuris spp. Cooperia oncophora Ostertagia ostertagi (including inhibited L4) Strongyloides papillosus Desophagostomum radiatum Bunostomum phlebotomum Vematodirus helvetianus Cooperia surnabada Cooperia punctata Trichostrongylus colubriformis Trichostrongylus longispicularis Trichostrongylus axei

(adults and L4)

Jictyocaulus viviparus

(adults and L4) (adults and L4)

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(adults and L4)

Cattle Grubs (all parasitic stages) Hypoderma lineatum, Hypoderma bovis

Damalinia bovis, Linognathus vituli, Haematopinus eurysternus,

Chorioptes bovis, Sarcoptes scabiei

Haematobia irritans

Persistent Activity

Eprizero (eprinomectin) Pour-On f proved to effectively control infec-re-infection with *Dictyocaulus viv* Haematobia irritans for 7 days afte Varying weather conditions, including rainfall, do not affect the efficacy of Eprizero Pour-On. Use Conditions

Management Considerations for Treatment of External Parasites For pest results Eprizero Four-On should be applied to all cattle in the nerd. Cattle introduced to the herd later should be treated prior to introduction. Consult your veterinarian or an entomologist for the most effective timing of applications for the control of external parasites.

Hom flies: For optimal control of horn flies, as Eprizero Pour-On provides 7 days of persistent activity against horn flies, the product should be used as part of an integrated control program utilizing other control methods to provide extended control. Chorioptic Mange: In clinical studies evaluating the efficacy of eprinomectin against chorioptic mange mites, mites were not recovered from skin scrapings taken 8 weeks after treatment, however, chronic skin lessions were still present on some animals.

DOSAGE

The product is formulated only for external application to beef and dairy cartle. The dose rate is 1 mL/10 kg (22.lb) of body weight. The product should be applied topically along the backline in a narrow strip extending from the withers to the tallhead.

Do not underdose Ensure each animal reserves a complete dose based on a current body weight. Underdosing may result in ineffective treatment, and encourage the development of parasite resistance.

ADMINISTRATION
Metering Cup with Measure-Squeeze-Pour System
It lier (338 fl pat Container with 25 ml. Metering Cup
This pack contains! Metering Cup and 1 lip tube
Insert the dip tube into base of the Metering Cup.
This pack contains! Metering Cup and 1 lip tube
Insert the dip tube into base of the Metering Cup. Leave the
Softed end of the dip tube exposed in the bottom of the container.
Insert the Metering Cup not container top

Screw the Metering Cup not container top

Measure: To select the correct dose rate, rotate the adjuster
cap (top) in either direction to position the dose indicator to the
weight of the animal you want to treat. When body weight is
between markings, use the higher setting.

Squeeze the container gently to fill the Metering Cup to the
required dose. Release your grip and any excess will return to
the container.

Squeeze the container gently to fill the Metering Cup is empty.

Storage: The Metering Cup should not remain attached to the
container when not in use. Detach the Metering Cup after each
If the animal being treated weights more than \$50 lbs (250 d), refill the
Metering Cup to the additional amount required to provide the total
dose for that animal and apply as directed.

Collapsible Pack (25 L945 fl oz and 5 L/R69 fl oz Packs)
Connect the dosing applicator and draw-off tubing to the collapsible

pack as follows:

Attach the open end of the draw-off tubing to an appropriate dosing applicator. Attach the draw-off tubing to the cap with the stem that is included in the pack. Replace the shipping cap with the cap having the prime the dosing applicator, checking for leaks. Follow the applicator manufacturer's directions for adjusting the dose and use and maintenance of the dosing applicator and draw-off tubing.

Solenopotes capillatus

	fter treatment.	vivinarus for 21 days after treatment and	າ for Beef and Dairy Cattle has been	
550 lb (250 k	440 lb (200 k	330 lb (150 k	220 lb (100 k	•

application of up to 5 times the recommended dose 3 times at 7 day intervals had no adverse effects on 8 week old calves. In the tolerance study, one of 6 caltle treated once at 10 times the recommended dose showed clinical signs of mydriasis. Application of 3 times the recommended dose had no adverse effect on breeding performance of recommended dose had no adverse effects on neonatal l calves, , and

Residue Warnings: When used according to label directions, neither a pre-saluphter drug withdrawal period nor a mlk discard time is required, therefore, meat and mlk from cattle treated with Eprizero (leprinomectin) Pour-On may be used for human consumption at any time following treatment. A withdrawal period has not been established for pre-ruminating calves. Do not use in calves to be processed

Keep this and a∎ drugs out of the reach of children. NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS.

As with any topical medication intended for treatment of animals, skin contact should be avoided. If accidental skin contact should be avoided. If accidental skin contact occurs, wash immediately with scap and water. If accidental eye exposure occurs, flush eyes immediately with water. The safety data sheet (SDS) contains more detailed occupational safety information. To report suspected adverse drug eyents, for technical assistance or to obtain a copy of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS), contact Norbrook at 1-966-591-577. For additional information about adverse drug experience reporting for animal drugs, contact FDA at 1-888-FDA-VETS or http://www.fda.gov/reportanimalae.

HOW SUPPLIED

(eprinomectin) Pour-On for Beef and Dairy Cattle is available in a

PRECAUTIONS
This product is for topical application only. Do not administer orally or by

Injection.

Do not apply to areas of the backline covered with mud or manure. Eprizero Pour-On is not recommended for use in species other than cattle. Severe adverse reactions have been reported in other specie treated with products containing compounds of this class. rted in other species

Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed

20 Liter Pack (20 L/676 fl oz Pack)
Connect the dosing applicator and draw-off tubing to the container as

Attach the open end of the draw-off tubing to an appropriate dosing applicator. Attach draw-off tubing to the cap with the stem. Replace the shipping cap with the cap having the draw-off tubing. Bently prime the dosing applicator, checking for leaks. Follow the dosing applicator manufacturer's directions for adjusting the dose and proper use and maintenance of the dosing applicator and draw-off tubing.

1100 lb (500 kg)	990 lb (450 kg)	880 lb (400 kg)	770 lb (350 kg)	660 lb (300 kg)	550 lb (250 kg)	440 lb (200 kg)	330 lb (150 kg)	220 lb (100 kg)	Weight
50 mL	45 mL	40 mL	35 mL	30 mL	25 mL	20 mL	15 mL	10 mL	Dose

ANIMAL SAFETY

Tolerance and toxicity studies have demonstrated the margin of safety for eprinomectin in cattle. In toxicity studies, application of 3 times the

ADVERSE REACTIONS

No adverse reactions were observed during clinical trials.

STORAGE CONDITIONS

Store container in the carbon to protect from light and at temperatures up to 104°F/40°C. Is permitted for a short period of time, however, such exposure should be minimized.

1 L/33.8 fl oz container with a measure-squeeze-pour system, or in a 2.5 L/84.5 fl oz container with a measure-squeeze-pour system, or in a 2.5 L/84.5 fl oz or 5 L/169.5 fl oz container or 20 L/67.6 fl oz container intended for use with appropriate automatic dosing equipment. Made in the UK

Manufactured by: Norbrook Laboratories Limited Newry, BT35 6PU, Co. Down, Northern Ireland.

® Eprizero is a registered trademark of Norbrook Laboratories Limited.



Eprizero Pour-On is effective against all stages of cattle grubs. However, proper timing of treatment is important. For the most effective results, cattle should be treated as soon as possible after the end of the healthy (warrhel fty) season. While this is not peculiar to eprinomectin, destruction of *Hypoderma* larvae (cattle grubs) at the period when these grubs are in vital areas may cause undestrable host-parasate reactions. (Illing *Hypoderma lineatum* when it is in the esophageal tissues may cause boat, killing H. boxis when it is in the esophageal tissues may cause boat, killing H. boxis when it is in the erated either before or after trease stages of grub development. Cattle treated with Eprizero Pour-On at the end of the fity season may be re-treated with Eprizero Pour-On at the end of the fity season may be re-treated with Eprizero Pour-On during the winter without danger of grub-related reactions. For further information and advice on a planned parasite control program, consult vivur venerancia. When to Treat Cattle with Grubs
Eprizero Pour-On is effective aga your veterinarian.

OTHER WARNINGS

Parasite resistance may develop to any dewormer, and has been reported for most classes of dewormers.

Treatment with a dewormer used in conjunction with parasite management practices appropriate to the geographic area and the management practices appropriate to the geographic area and the animals! to be treated may slow the development of parasite resistance. Fecal examinations or other diagnostic tests and parasite management history should be used to determine if the product is appropriate for the heart/flock, prior to the use of a determine if the product is appropriate for the heart/flock, prior to the use of any dewormer, Flotiowing the use of any dewormer, effectiveness of treatment should be monitored (for example, with the use of a fecal egg count reduction test or another appropriate with the use of a fecal egg count reduction test or another appropriate with the standard of the characteristic for the constitution of the characteristic for the char

A decrease in a drug's effectiveness over time as calculated by fecal egg count reduction tests may indicate the development of resistance to the dewormer administered. You praistle management plan should be adjusted accordingly based on regular monitoring.

ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY

Studies indicate that when eprinomectin comes in contact with soil, it Studies indicate that when eprinomectin comes in active over time. Free realthy and tightly binds to the soil and becomes inactive over time. Free invernecting eprinomectin may adversely affect fish and certain aquatic organisms. Do not permit cattle to enter lakes, streams or ponds for at least 6 hours after treatment. Do not contaminate water by direct application or by the improper disposal of drug containers. Usgoss of containers in a approved another lot proper disposal of drug containers. Suspose of containers in an approved another lot proper disposal of drug containers, and approved another lot proper disposal of the safety and the

For the 1 L (33.8 fl oz) container with a measure-squeeze-pour system, the Metering Cup should not remain attached to the container when not in use. Detach the Metering Cup after each use and replace the shipping cap to close the container top.

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Paul A, Hutchens D, Hart D, Maciel AE, Robertson C, Gross SJ. Comparison of Eprinomectin with other macrocyclic lactones in cattle. Proceedings, 45th Annual Meeting of the American Association of Veterinary Parasitologists, Salt Lake City, Utah. 2000. Lawrence JD, Ibarbura MA. Economic analysis of pharmaceutical technologies in modern beef production in a bioeconomy era. lowa State University. 2009. Available at http://www.econ.iastate.edu/faculty/lawrence/Pharma%202007%20update.pdf.